AI: RESPONSIBILITY IN A CHANGING WORLD

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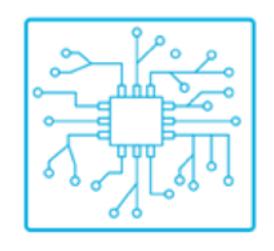
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AI - MORE IS BETTER?



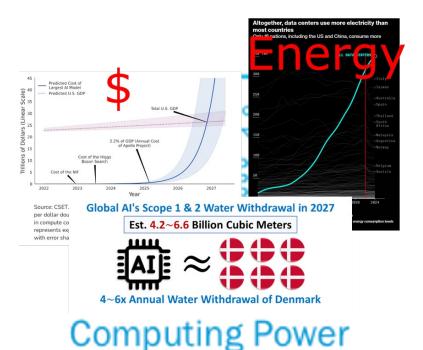
Computing Power







AI - MORE IS BETTER?





Frequency of dataset usage by country

Usage of datasets from here No usage of datasets from here

Countries are distorted by frequency of usage. Datasets originating in the Us account for the most usages (26,910).

Algorithm Power

Data Availability



Overcoming Racial Bias In AI Systems And Startlingly Even In AI Self-Driving Cars

Racial patien

AI expert calls for end to UK use of 'racially biased' algorithms

Gender bias in Al: building fairer algorithms

Bias in Al: A problem recogn still unresolved

Millions of black people affected by racial bias in health-care algorithms

When It Comes to Gori

Google exploited homeless black people to develop the Pixel 4's facial recognition Al

Russia Tests New Disinformation Tactics in Africa to Expand Influer

Amazon's facial recognition matched 28 members of Congress to criminal mugshots





AI IS NOT INTELLIGENT

- Correlation rather than causal mechanisms
- A language 'Frankenstein monster'
 - Incapable of moral thinking, to determine what ought and ought not to be
 - Incapable of distinguishing the possible from the impossible

- Built by people for a given purpose
- Dependent on the labor of many
- Using natural resources

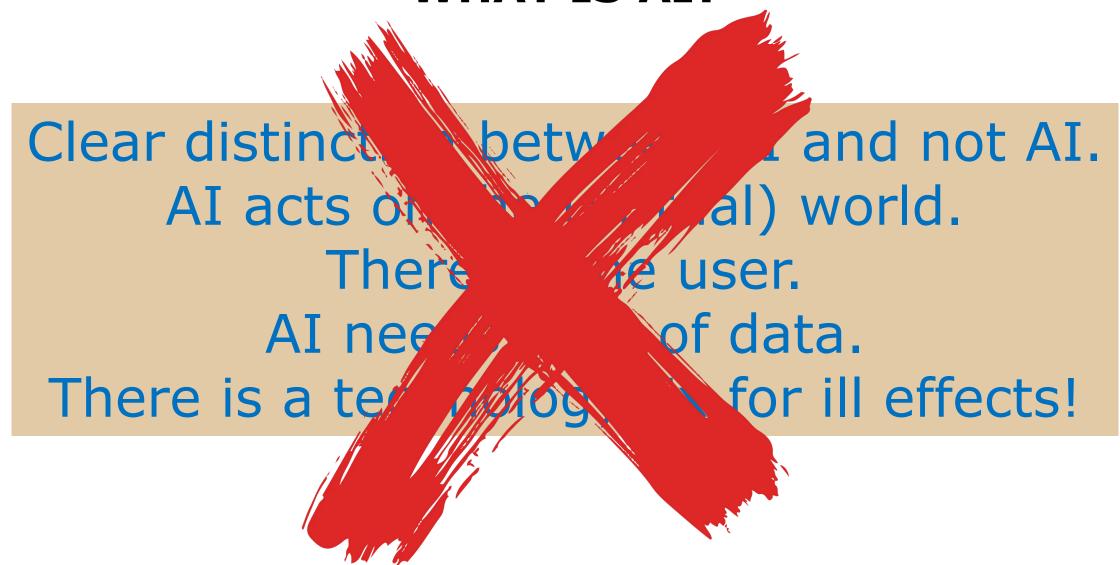


Manipulation of language is not a proxy for intelligence!

https://fof.se/artikel/overtygande-sprak-ar-inget-belagg-for-intelligens/



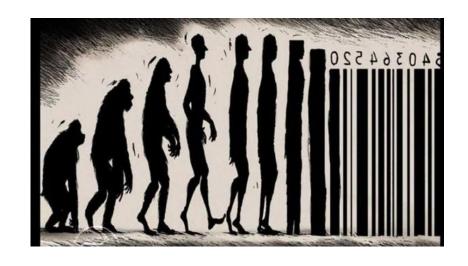
WHAT IS AI?





RESPONSIBLE AI – WHY CARE?

- Datification
 - Reality is more than data
 - Data is constructed
 - Data is biased
 - Data rich, insight poor



Power

Sustainability





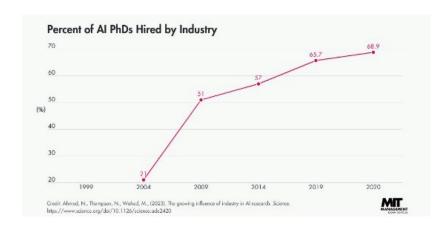
RESPONSIBLE AI – WHY CARE?

Datification

- Power
 - Who is developing AI?
 - o Who is deciding?

Sustainability

At Tech's Leading Edge, Worry About a Concentration of Power



- 18% researchers at conferences are women
- 80% professors are men
- Workforce
 - Google: 2,5% black, 3,6% Latino, 10% women
 - Facebook: 3,8% black, 5% Latino, 15% women



RESPONSIBLE AI – WHY CARE?

¥ INDEPENDENT PREMIUM

THE LONGER READ

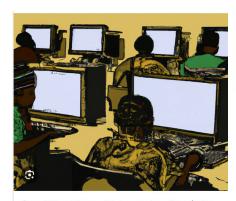
Datification

Behind the AI boom, the armies of overseas workers in 'digital sweatshops'

Power



- Sustainability
 - Computational cost of AI
 - Human and social costs



OpenAl Used Kenyan Workers on Less Than \$2 Per Hour: Exclusive | TIME



Technolo

Turk Wars: How AI Threatens the Workers Who Fuel It

The much-hyped AI tools of the future are being built by a globally dispersed army of data workers.

TE SHARE COMMENT PRINT ORDER REPRIN

By Krystal Kauffman & Adrienne Williams | Oct. 11, 2023

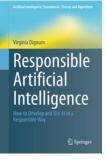




CAN WE BE RESPONSIBLE?







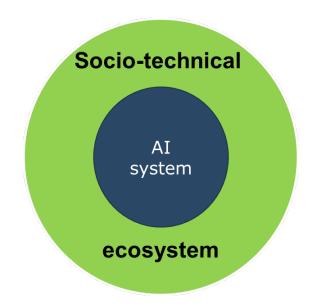
RESPONSIBLE ABOUT AI

AI does not happen to us!

- AI is designed. We make the choices
 - Who should decide?
 - Which values should be considered?
 - Whose values? How to prioritize?
- Ask Question Zero!
 - o Is AI the best option here?
 - Ask why before asking how
- AI does not exist in a vacuum
 - o There is no technology fix for ill effects!
 - Ethics, regulation, governance concern the ecosystem

Responsible AI solutions need to be social rather than technical!





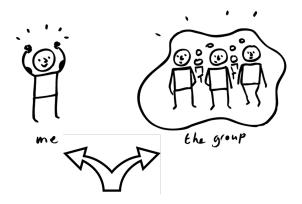
WHAT DOWNEAWASTAL TO BE?

- Human-like?
 - o Why?
 - What does this mean?
- Tool?
 - For what? For who?
- Simulation or operation?
 - Understand intelligence by building intelligence, or
 - Active intervention in real world
- Normative or descriptive?
 - o Do as we say or do as we do?

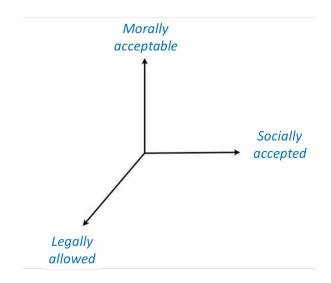


WHICH DECISIONS SHOULD AI MAKE?





HOW SHOULD AI TAKE DECISIONS?







RAI IS MULTIDISCIPLINARY

understanding and critiquing the intended and unforeseen, positive and negative, sociopolitical consequences of AI for society in terms of equality, democracy and human rights

- governance, not only in terms of competences and responsibilities, but also in terms of power, trust and accountability;
- societal, legal and economic functioning of socio-technical systems;
- value-based design approaches and of ethical frameworks;
- inclusion and diversity in design, and how such strategies may inform processes and results;
- distributed and increasingly ubiquitous nature of AI applications and developing new scholarly perspectives on human-machine communication.



QUESTION ZERO

"Should this AI system be built at all?"

challenges developers, researchers, and organizations to reflect on the necessity, purpose, and ethical implications of building an AI system before its creation: Ask why before asking how

- Purposeful:
 - Consider societal benefits and potential harms
- Responsible:
 - beyond technical feasibility and economic viability
- Preventive:
 - Prioritizes resource allocation for socially valuable innovations
- Participatory:
 - o Involves diverse stakeholders and ensures marginalized voices are heard





DESIGN CHOICES











DESIGN CHOICES





GOVERNANCE - WHY? WHAT FOR?

- Regulation as incentive for responsible innovation, sustainability, and fundamental human rights
 - o powerful stepping stone for innovation with societal benefits
 - o signaling expected ambitions enhancing innovation, competitive power

Cars drive faster with brakes

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In a game without rules, no one wins

- products, and results
- Need for better understanding and integration of existing frameworks alongside introducing more regulation
- Avoidance of an "arms race" narrative in AI regulation



PRINCIPLES AND GUIDELINES

EU HLEG	OECD	IEEE EAD
 Human agency and oversight Technical robustness and safety Privacy and data governance Transparency Diversity, non-discrimination and fairness Societal and environmental well-being Accountability 	 benefit people and the planet respects the rule of law, human rights, democratic values and diversity, include appropriate safeguards (e.g. human intervention) to ensure a fair and just society. transparency and responsible disclosure robust, secure and safe Hold organisations and individuals accountable for proper functioning of AI 	 How can we ensure that A/IS do not infringe human rights? effect of A/IS technologies on human well-being. How can we assure that designers, manufacturers, owners and operators of A/IS are responsible and accountable? How can we ensure that A/IS are transparent? How can we extend the benefits and minimize the risks of AI/AS technology being misused?

Level	Framework & Reach	
Global	UNESCO (194 countries), OECD (>70 jurisdictions), GPAI (25+ members), CoE treaty (50+ countries), G7 principles	
Regional	EU AI Act (27 EU states), Santiago Declaration (Latin America/Caribbean)	
National	930+ initiatives in 71 countries	
Others	200+ guidelines across NGOs, acader private bodies	
	200 m	



https://ec.europa.eu/digitalsingle-market/en/high-levelexpert-group-artificialintelligence



https://ethicsinaction.i

OECD Principles on Artificial Intelligence



https://www.oecd.org/g

digital/ai/principles/

by governme
The OECD P
Principles en
Supporting ir
We are also



https://www.unesco.org /en/artificial-intelligence/ recommendation-ethics



https://www.un.org/ai-advisory-body





SAFEGUARDING DEMOCRACY

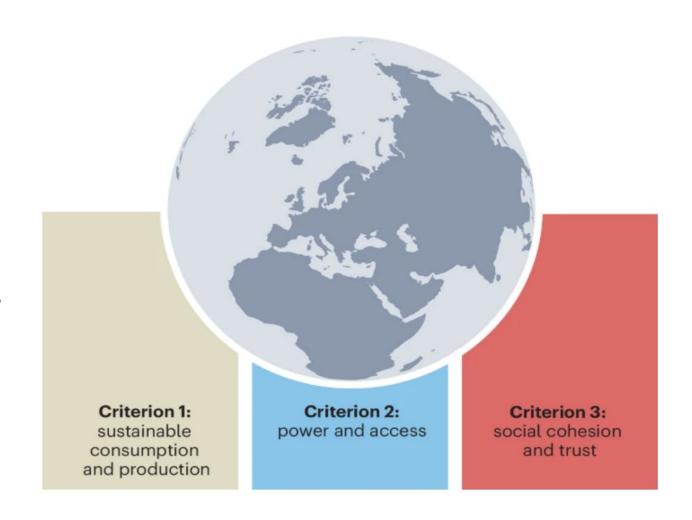
- Strengthening Regulation and Oversight
 - Implement clear laws for AI, facial recognition, cryptocurrency, and spyware.
 - Enhance transparency and accountability in technology deployment.
 - Strengthen democratic institutions to oversee and guide technological development.
- Promoting Public Participation
 - Democratize AI development by involving diverse societal stakeholders.
 - Align technology systems with democratic values and public interest.
- Enhancing Digital Literacy
 - Foster critical understanding of AI and digital technologies through education.
 - Empower citizens to advocate for their rights in the digital age



SAFEGUARDING THE PLANET

Al impact demands systemic stewardship, beyond environment impacts:

- help to accelerate the transition to sustainable production and consumption in ways that respect planetary boundaries, or at least do not obstruct these objectives
- 2. be developed, deployed and used in ways that **ensure equitable access** to AI tools for global sustainability and avoid concentrations of power
- 3. be developed, deployed and used to **support greater societal cohesion**, build trust and provide access to reliable information for planetary stewardship





OPERATIONALISATION: REGULATION AND MORE

- Regulation
 - AI Act: Human-centered, risk-based approach
- Standards
 - soft governance; non mandatory to follow
 - demonstrate due diligence and limit liability
 - user-friendly integration between products
- Organisation structures and procedures
 - Advisory boards and ethics officers
 - Set and monitor ethical guidelines
- Assessment for trustworthy AI
 - responsible AI is more than ticking boxes
 - Means to assess maturity are needed
- Awareness and Participation
 - Education and training
 - Appeal to civic duty / voluntary implementation



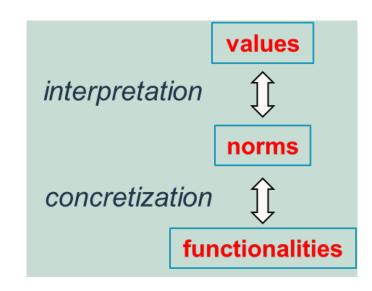
RAI – MORE THAN ETHICS

- Not philosophising about ethics
 - Ethics is not about the answer but about recognizing the issue
 - Ethics is a (social) process not a solution
- Not technification of ethics
 - Your implementation does not 'solve' ethics
- Fundamentally, is about choices, priorities, tradeoffs
 - Accuracy / Explanation
 - Accuracy / Computational resources
 - Security / privacy
 - Equity / equality
 - Long term benefit / Short term
 - 0 ...



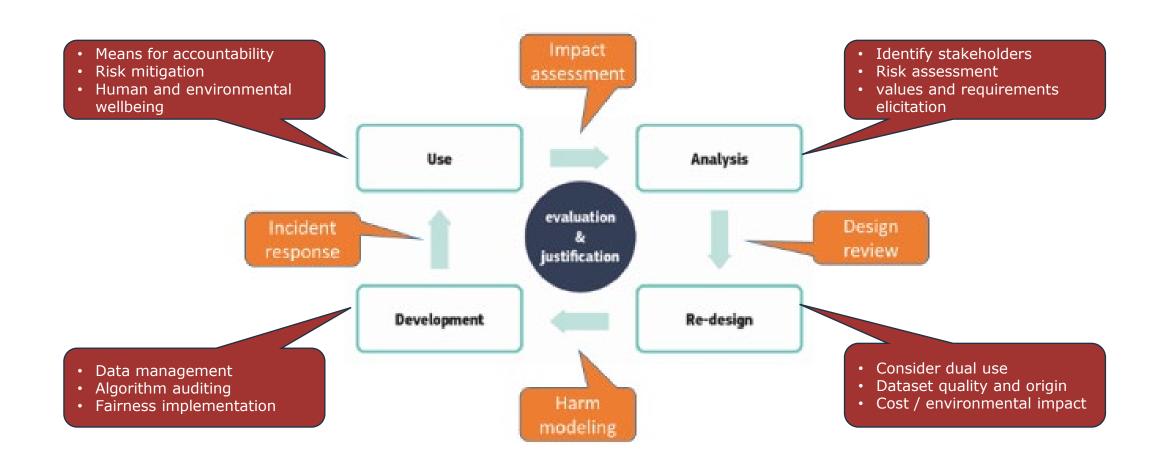
RAI IS ABOUT BEING EXPLICIT

- Design for Values
 - Legal and ethical aspects are not an add-on!
- Governance
 - External monitoring and control
 - Agreements, contracts, norms
- Design
 - Question your options and choices
 - Motivate your choices
 - Document your choices and options





RESPONSIBILITY IN THE AI LIFECYCLE





A NEW AI PARADIGM?

- AI is not a universal solution
 - recognize its limitations in addressing complex challenges
 - Ouestion zero: should AI be used here?
- Address inherent risks of bias and discrimination
 - improving data and algorithmic transparency
 - accommodate diverse contexts and values
- Beyond disciplines
 - integrate social and technical expertise in AI design
 - addressing systemic societal challenges
 - involving varied societal actors, not just technologists
- robust technical standards
 - Verifiable, sustainable, participatory



TRUSTWORTHY GOVERNANCE

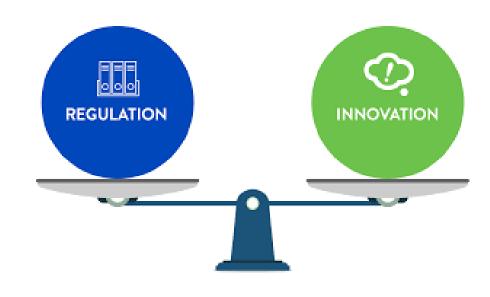
- Development of AI
 - o What? Requirements, needs, possibilities, capabilities
- Use of AI
 - How? license to operate
- Context in which AI is developed and used
 - Where/When? rules of the game
- Global efforts
 - Sustainability
 - Inclusion and participation
 - o Diversity
 - Distribution of benefits and costs
 - o Agenda 2030 SDGs





RESPONSIBLE AI IS INNOVATION

- Innovation needed
 - Technical requirements
 - Use requirements
 - Context of operation
- Multidisciplinary innovation!
 - Technological innovation
 - Organisational innovation
 - Regulation innovation
 - Governance innovation
 - Social innovation





RESPONSIBLE AI IS NOT A CHOICE!

Not innovation vs governance but governance as stepping-stone for innovation

- Innovation is not a race!
 - There is no finish line
 - Exploration rather than one fixed direction
- Adopting responsible AI
 - Builds trust
 - Drives transformation
 - Support business differentiation





THANK YOU!

